## Teruah L'Adonai

♬ Shout to the Lord all the earth let us sing, Power and majesty praise to the King ♪

"<sup>1</sup>For the music director, a psalm for the sons of Korah. <sup>2</sup>Clap your hands, all you peoples! Shout to God with the voice of joy! <sup>3</sup>For Adonai Elyon is awesome, a great King over all the earth. <sup>4</sup>He subdues peoples under us, and nations under our feet. <sup>5</sup>He chooses our inheritance for us, the glory of Jacob whom He loved. Selah! <sup>6</sup>God is gone up amidst shouting, Adonai amidst the sound of the shofar. <sup>7</sup>Sing praises to God, sing praises! Sing praises to our King, sing praises! <sup>8</sup>For God is the King of all the earth. Sing praises with a skillful song. <sup>9</sup>God reigns over the nations. God sits upon His holy throne. <sup>10</sup>The princes of the peoples are gathered as a people of the God of Abraham. For the shields of earth belong to God—He is greatly exalted!" (Psalm 47)

How Biblical is it to *Shout to the Lord?* Does it really mean to shout aloud? Is *Adonai* hard of hearing? I think that even without verifying the concept Biblically, we inherently know that there must be something about it because our innermost being (our *knower*) agrees with it. Indeed, shouting to *Adonai* is absolutely in Scripture. In fact, tonight starts a one-day opportunity to do so in His Holy Feast (*moed*).

Psalm 47 is the coronation of a King's song in Scripture. Let us briefly look at the Hebrew. The text 

2 Clap your hands, all you peoples! Shout to God with the voice of joy! is literally the translation of the Hebrew 
text: בְּלֵי בְּלֵינִים בְּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִים בְּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִים בְּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִים בְּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִם בְּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִם בְּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִם בְּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִם בַּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִם בְּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִם בְּקְוֹל בְּלִים בְּקְוֹל בְּלְּיִם בַּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִם בַּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִם בַּקְוֹל בְּלָּיִם בַּקְוֹל בְּלִים בַּקְוֹל בְּלִים בַּקְוֹל בְּלִים בַּקְוֹל בְּלִים בּּקְוֹל בְּלִים בּּקְוֹל בְּלְיִם בַּקְוֹל בְּלְיִם בַּקְוֹל בְּלְיִם בַּקְוֹל בְּלְיִם בּּקְוֹל בְּלְיִם בּּקְוֹל בְּלִים בּּקְוֹל בְּלִים בּּקְוֹל בְּלִים בּיִם בּיִבּים 

Basel. The second is tiku-caf, the same root word as tekiah. The DavkaWriter dictionary renders it as: to give a blast on an instrument [masculine-pl-imperative] with your hands (caf). The third word is hariu, which means to shout in triumph, to sound the trumph, to sound the trumpet, to sound the trumpet, to signal [masculine-pl-imperative]. This word is familiar in that hariu Israel is part of the chorus of the familiar song Roni Bat Zion meaning shout aloud Israel. Then, L'Elohim is the familiar to Adonai, and finally bekol, with the voice; and dinah to shout in triumph, to sound the trumpet, to signal [masculine-pl-imperative]. Verse 6 is the shout and shofar of Yom Teruah : בְּקוֹל שִׁלֹּים בּבְּקִיל שִׁלֹים בּבּוֹל שִׁלִּים בּבּקּיל שִׁלִּים בַּבְּלֵיל שִׁלִּים בַּבְּלֵיל שִׁלִּים בַּבְּלִיל שִׁלִּים בּבְּלִיל שִׁלִּים בּבּל שִׁלִּים בּבּל שִׁלִּים בּבּל שִׁלִּים בּבּל שִׁלִּים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁלִּים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁלִּים בּבּל שִׁלִּים בּבּל שִׁלִים בּבּל שִׁנִים בּבּל שִׁלִּבְּי בּבּל שִׁנִים בּבְּלִים בּבּל שִׁנְבְּל שִּבְּבְּל ש

John saw in Revelation: "After these things, I looked; and there before me was a door standing open in heaven; and the voice like a trumpet which I had heard speaking with me before said, "Come up here, and I will show you what must happen after these things." Instantly I was in the Spirit, and there before me in heaven stood a throne, and on the throne someone was sitting" (Rev. 4:1-2). The trumpet John heard was the sound of the Adonai's shofar, the Feast of Trumpets, Yom Teruah was speaking with him. The day of the awakening and the loud shout (Yom Teruah), similar to the experience of the Children of Israel before Mount Sinai: "18 Now the entire Mount Sinai was in smoke, because Adonai had descended upon it in fire. The smoke ascended like the smoke of a furnace. The whole mountain quaked greatly. 19 When the sound of the shofar grew louder and louder, Moses spoke, and God answered him with a thunderous sound" (Ex. 19:18-19).

In Scripture, in Psalm 98:6 we read: "With trumpets and sound of the shofar blast a sound before the King, Adonai!" [ז] The first word, ba-hatzerot, means to cry out is with great pain. Bekol shofar means with the voice of the shofar. Hariu, shout in triumph; lifnei haMelech Adonai or before the presence (before the face of) King Adonai. Indeed, we receive and experience a blessing when we understand the meaning of Yom Teruah and on the blowing of the shofar: "Blessed are the people who know the joyful shout, They walk in the light of Your presence, Adonai" (Ps. 89:15). On Yom Teruah (tonight), the actual Holy Day when we sound the shofar, it is imperative for every person to hear (lishmoa, the infinitive of shema) the shofar. In Judaism, the mitzvah of the shofar is to hear (shema) the shofar being blown, not to actually blow it yourself. Baruch Atah Adonai, Eloheinu Melech HaOlam, Asher Kidshanu Bemitzvotav Vitzivanu Kol Lishmoa HaShofar (Blessed are You, O Lord, King of the Universe who sanctified us by Your commandments and instructed us to listen to the sound of the shofar). Are you ready? L'Shanah Tovah and Chag Yom Teruah Sameach!